

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS III CORPS AND FORT HOOD FORT HOOD, TEXAS 76544-5000

PHANTOM SIX COMMAND POLICY

NUMBER CSM-02

AFZF-CSM 11 Feb 02

MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Single Soldier Quarters Living Standards

1. REFERENCES.

- a. FORSCOM Policy Memorandum CG-00-2, 10 Oct 00.
- b. AR 699-63, Army Health Promotion, 28 Apr 96.
- c. AR 600-20, Army Command Policy, 15 Jul 99.
- d. Fort Hood Regulation, Weapons, 15 Aug 99.
- 2. APPLICABILITY. This policy applies to all soldiers on Fort Hood. III Corps soldiers at other locations will follow the policy of their installation commander. Installation / MSC policy letters within III Corps (Ft. Carson / Ft. Riley / Ft. Sill / Ft. Bliss) must conform to the intent of this policy and FORSCOM Policy CG-00-2, while adapting their policies to their local environments.
- 3. ENFORCEABILITY. This policy is punitive. Military personnel who fail to comply with this policy are subject to judicial or nonjudicial disciplinary action under the UCMJ, or appropriate administrative action.
- 4. POLICY. Soldiers, regardless of marital status, deserve to be treated with dignity and respect and be allowed to live in a clean, healthy, and safe environment. This environment must provide privacy and comfort, as well as a predictable living standard regardless of the installation or unit of assignment. As soldiers are assigned to a barracks room area, the chain of command has an inherit responsibility to ensure proper living standards and conditions are maintained. As such, we must be involved to the degree necessary. There are no arbitrary limits to this involvement, nor are there any specified number of inspections, visits, or checks to be done. The chain of command determines the amount of time needed to discharge its responsibilities in this area. This policy reinforces the importance of our noncommissioned officer (NCO) leadership in the daily care and supervision of subordinates, as well as the responsibility of all leaders to know, clearly define, and reinforce single soldier living standards.

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- a. Assignments. Soldiers will be assigned a room IAW this policy. When two or more soldiers are assigned to one room smoking and nonsmoking preferences will be used to determine the assignment of rooms. Smokers and nonsmokers will not be housed in the same room. Priority for Single Enlisted Quarters space will go to the bona fide bachelors. Senior noncommissioned officers who draw BAH without dependents rate will not be housed in the barracks. Geographical bachelors will not be housed in the barracks unless approved by the first colonel (06) commander in the chain of command. Geographical bachelors are those soldiers who are unaccompanied by family members because of personal reasons. Sponsor personnel are those individuals entitled to BAH differential who are single, divorced, or legally separated, or otherwise required to provide support for at least one other person. Sponsor personnel may reside in single soldier quarters if space is available. This provision does not limit the commander's inherent authority to order soldiers to move into the barracks for command purposes. A commander at any level may order a soldier who is restricted to the unit area to reside in the barracks for the duration of the restriction regardless of the marital status of the soldier. Similarly, soldiers involved in spouse/child abuse may be ordered to move into the barracks regardless of their marital status. In the event a noncommissioned officer is ordered to move into the barracks, single soldiers will not be displaced to provide that NCO with a private room.
- b. Occupancy. The goal is two soldiers per room (SPC and below). Noncommissioned officers (SGT thru SSG) will have single rooms. In order to accommodate this requirement, administrative and logistical spaces in barracks rooms should be consolidated, squad/platoon CPs eliminated, and storage spaces realigned. If the number and rank mix of a unit's soldiers prevent meeting this requirement, noncommissioned officers should be put two to a room before putting three soldiers in a room.
- c. Room configuration. Soldiers are not required to maintain rooms in a standard configuration. Rooms may be arranged to allow the soldiers a degree of freedom, eliminating uniformity standards, but emphasizing cleanliness, safety, and proper accountability. This freedom allows for microwaves (IAW post regulations), telephones and computers (as trunking is available), civilian blankets, shower curtains, bedcovers, and other features normally found in government or private homes. Soldiers may hang framed pictures on their walls. Posters need not be framed, but special care will be used in hanging posters, ensuring that walls are not damaged. Soldiers should use poster tape or fun tack (adhesive putty) to hang posters on walls. Duct tape, OD green (100 mph) tape and similar adhesive will not be used on windows, walls, or doors, as it causes paint to peel or leaves a residual glue when removed. Wall hanging boards and tacks will be used when available. All pictures and posters will be in good taste and not be offensive in nature. Commanders are reminded of their authority and responsibilities IAW paragraph 4-12, AR 600-20 to prohibit the display in billets of symbols, flags, posters, or other materials relating to extremist groups or activities to ensure good order and discipline. Pictures that show male or female genitalia will not be displayed.

- d. Inspections. Commanders retain the authority to conduct legal searches, and health and welfare inspections. Enforcing standards, caring for soldiers, and identifying shortfalls in the function of appliances and plumbing in the rooms, safety, or living standards are among the most important responsibilities of commanders and the NCO Corps. Daily room checks are not required. Commanders will use their discretion in balancing the maintenance of standards while treating soldiers with respect. Generally, new soldiers should be checked or inspected daily until the NCO responsible for that soldier can make an accurate assessment of the soldier's adherence to standards. Soldiers are not required to be present during these checks. Soldiers are normally present during legal searches, and health and welfare inspections. TA-50 layout inspections will not be conducted in the barracks.
- e. After Hour Details "Hey-you" details are prohibited. A duty roster will be maintained inclusive of all eligible soldiers subject for duty. Unanticipated requirements will be fulfilled per the duty roster regardless of whether the soldier lives on or off post.
- f. Alcohol. Normally, there will be no restrictions on types or amounts of alcohol soldiers may possess in the barracks room provided they are 21 years or older. This policy is not meant to glamorize or encourage the use of alcohol, but is only an effort to realign privileges with counterparts residing off post and in government quarters. Programs and education oriented towards deglamorization of alcohol and emphasis on health, and safety risks will be continued. Commanders may restrict soldiers from possessing alcohol in the billets based on alcohol or drug related incidents, or if a soldier demonstrates a pattern of irresponsible behavior. When a soldier's privilege to possess alcohol in the barracks is restricted, the unit chain of command will counsel that soldier in writing. The counseling will address, as a minimum, why action is being taken, the duration of the action, and the conditions that must be met to regain the privilege.
- g. Visitation and Quiet Time. With limited restrictions, soldiers residing in the barracks may have visitors of either sex. When more than one soldier resides in the room, they must jointly agree to visitation prior to the visit. The rights of privacy always take precedence over visitation. Soldiers in barracks must be afforded private time during each day when no visitors are present. All visitors must be signed in at the unit CQ desk before entering soldier's rooms. Quiet time is meant to establish hours that allow soldiers to have a reasonable expectation of a relatively quiet state in the barracks. During quiet time hours soldiers must be allowed to rest and sleep undisturbed by noise from barracks area activities. The following restrictions apply:
 - (1) Hours of visitation and quiet time:
 - (a) Duty days before duty days:
 - Visitation 1700-2200
 - Ouiet time 2200-0500

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- (b) Duty days before non-duty days:
 - Visitation 1700-2400
 - Quiet time 2400-0800
- (c) Non-duty days before non-duty days:
 - Visitation 1200-2400
 - Quiet time 2400-0800
- (d) Non-duty days before duty days:
 - Visitation 1200-2200
 - Quiet time 2200-0500
- (2) Any non-military visitor under the age of 18 and not a member of the soldier's immediate family (brother, sister, or spouse) must be accompanied by a legal parent or guardian.
- (3) Soldiers are responsible for their visitors' actions in the barracks. Units will maintain a visitors log at each CQ location. Soldiers having visitors will ensure that their visitors are properly signed in and out at the CQ. Unit commanders will maintain the visitors logs and review them daily along with the duty log.
- (4) Cohabitation is strictly prohibited. Visitors may not take up even short-term residence in the barracks. There will be no overnight visits in barracks rooms.
- h. Charge of Quarters (CQ). The chain of command is responsible at all times for the safety, security, and environment that their soldiers live in. The minimum standard is a CQ for every barracks building. Commanders may require every unit to have a CQ or increase numbers of CQs in buildings based on assessments and building design. CQs will not watch television, listen to radios, or play video games while on duty. Instead, they will stay alert, make their required checks, and follow their CQ instructions. First sergeants will ensure CQs are thoroughly briefed on their responsibilities before assuming duty to ensure their understanding and compliance. The CQ will brief the first sergeant on the events of the duty prior to being released. Additionally, commanders will establish a process to ensure billets are checked after normal duty hours. Traditionally, our NCOs have taken the lead in how their soldiers are living; this policy does not change that historical tie between the NCO and those in his/her charge.
- i. Pets. No pets, including caged animals, are allowed in the barracks. Reasons for this restriction include consideration for roommates, disposition and care upon deployment, and humane care for pets, among others. Aquariums, containing fish are allowed if roommates agree. Units must have deployment disposition plans in place.

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- j. Privately owned weapons. Privately owned weapons and ammunition will not be stored or allowed in the barracks at any time. Register weapons with the Provost Marshall and store in the arms room. Soldiers must comply with the requirements of Fort Hood Regulation 190-11.
- k. Education and training. This policy requires maximum effort by the Chain of Command and every soldier. It does not reduce a leader's responsibilities for the discipline of soldiers or care of facilities and equipment. Leaders at all levels must know how their soldiers live both on and off post and are at all times responsible for the soldiers entrusted to their care. Commanders remain responsible for the health, welfare, and security of our soldiers. This policy increases individual responsibility and recognizes that the majority of our soldiers are mature, responsible, and accountable for their actions.
- 5. EXPIRATION. This Phantom Six Command Policy Memorandum will remain in effect until superseded or rescinded.

B. B. BELL

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Lieutenant General, USA Commanding

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